NAME: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ PERIOD: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ POINTS: 10 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** East Africa has a diverse physical geography that includes a considerable range of landforms. You will identify the landforms by matching the name of the landform with its correct definition.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | A crack in the Earth’s surface formed by shifting tectonic plates. |
|  | Breaks in Earth’s crust that were formed by the movement of plates below Earth’s surface. |
|  | Runs the length of the rift, through the center of the western Rift Valley. |
|  | Cuts through Tanzania and Kenya and north into Ethiopia. |
|  | Large waterfalls. |
|  | Comprised of Burundi, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Kenya, Rwanda, Tanzania, and Uganda. |
|  | Volcanic mountains that flank the eastern Rift Valley on the East. |
|  | Cuts through Tanzania, Burundi, Rwanda and Uganda |
|  | Steep cliffs |
|  | Comprised of two branches, each of which lies within a set of fault lines, this long geologic feature begins well north of the sub-region in Syria and extends south of the sub-region to Mozambique. |

Each of these landforms matches with the definitions above.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Cataracts | Eastern Rift Valley | Faults | Kilimanjaro and Mount Kenya | Rift Valley |
| East African Sub-region | Escarpments | Great Rift Valley | Lake Tanganyika | Western Rift Valley |